

General Information about Srilanka

WEATHER AND CLIMATE

Tropical climate. Upland areas are cooler and more temperate, and coastal areas are cooled by sea breezes. There are two monsoons, which occur May to July and December to January.

THE BEST SEASON FOR BEACHES

The best time to visit the South West coast is from November to April. The best time to visit the North West is during May to October as the monsoon falls from May to October (South West monsoon) and December to March (North East Monsoon). There are also 2 inter monsoon periods in SL from March to Mid may and from October to November.

CREDIT CARDS

Many hotels and shops accept reputed credit cards. No surcharge should be permitted for its use. Cash advances are possible against credit cards in certain banks.

VISA - There are two sub-categories which come under visit visas

- 1) Tourist Visit Visa A Tourist Visa is issued to bona-fide tourists who want to enter Sri Lanka for sightseeing, excursions, relaxation, visit relatives or yoga training for a short period of time.
- 2) Business Visit Visa A Business Visa is issued to foreign nationals who visit Sri Lanka for business purposes for short periods of time. This visa may be issued for single, double or multiple journeys.

Please visit http://www.eta.gov.lk for more details.

ROADS IN SRI LANKA

Sri Lanka has a good network of roads. Connecting all principal towns and places of tourist interest. However some of the roads facilities in the remote areas have not been maintained.

PROHIBITED EXPORT AND IMPORT ITEMS

Corals, Ivory, antiques, living plants, reptiles and living animals are prohibited .Precious stones could be carried with a permit. If you want to export antiques more than 50 years you will need the authorization from both the director of the National Archives, and the Director General of the Archeological department.

BANKING HOURS AND FACILITIES IN SRI LANKA

Banks keep increasingly flexible nours to suit customer convenience. All banks are open from usuumrs to 1300 hrs whole some others have night banking facilities too. Usually Banks are closed on Saturdays and Sundays, all Public Holidays and on Special bank holidays (June 30th and December 31st). Banking facilities have grown and widened tremendously to cope with the sophisticated needs of today. Sri Lankan and foreign banks provide an expanding range of services to investors. The banks at the International Airport operate 24 hours a day at departure and arrival as well as at some private banks. Banks keep increasingly flexible hours to suit customer convenience.

ENTRANCE PERMITS REQUIRED TO VISIT PLACES IN SRI LANKA

Tourists who wish to visit or photograph the principal ancient monuments in Sri Lanka are required to obtain a ticket from the Central Cultural Fund. Tickets are available at the office of the Central Cultural Fund Office.

LANGUAGES USED IN SRI LANKA - English is widely used. But the official languages are Sinhala and Tamil.

CURRENCY IN SRI LANKA

Sri Lanka has a decimal currency system. One Sri Lankan rupee is divided into 100 Sri Lankan Cents. Currency notes are in the denominations of Rs. 10/-, Rs. 20/-, Rs. 50/- Rs. 100/-, Rs. 500/-, Rs. 2000/- and Rs. 5000/- Denominations are clearly marked in figures on both sides of the notes and stated in English addition to Sinhala and Tamil. Coins commonly in use are of the following denominations: 25 cents, 50 cents. one Rupees, two Rupees, five Rupees and ten Rupees.

STANDARD VOLTAGE USED IN SRI LANKA - 230-240 volts. 50 cycles A.C

Note - Certain information of this document may change from Time to time and the Purpose of this document is to only educate our clients about Srilanka in general. We do not hold responsibility for any losses or damages caused due to the use/ change of above information.